

PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION SUBMITTED TO THE CITIZENS OF THIS COMMONWEALTH FOR THEIR APPROVAL OR REJECTION BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF PENNSYLVANIA, AND PUBLISHED BY ORDER OF THE SECRETARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH, IN PURSUANCE OF ARTICLE XVIII OF THE CONSTITUTION.

A JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing amendments to sections eight and twenty-one of article four, sections eleven and twelve of article five, sections two, three, and fourteen of article eight, section one of article twelve, and sections two and seven of article fourteen of the Constitution of Pennsylvania, and providing a schedule for carrying the amendments into effect.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following are proposed as amendments to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in accordance with the provisions of the eighteenth article thereof:—

Amendment One—To Article Four, Section Eight.

Section 2. Amend section eight of article four of the Constitution of Pennsylvania, which reads as follows:— "He shall nominate and, by and with the advice and consent of two-thirds of all the members of the Senate, appoint a Secretary of the Commonwealth and an Attorney General during pleasure, and a Superintendent of Public Instruction for four years, and such other officers of the Commonwealth as he is or may be authorized by the Constitution or by law to appoint; he shall have power to fill all vacancies that may happen, in offices to which he may appoint, during the recess of the Senate, he shall have power to fill any vacancy that may happen during the recess of the Senate, the Governor shall nominate to the Senate before their final adjournment, a proper person to fill said office; but in any such case of vacancy, in an elective office, a person shall be chosen to said office at the next general election, unless the vacancy shall happen within three calendar months immediately preceding such election, in which case the election for said office shall be held on the second succeeding general election. In acting on executive nominations the Senate shall sit with open doors, and, in confirming or rejecting the nominations of the Governor, the vote shall be taken by yeas and nays, and shall be entered on the journal, and shall be as follows:— He shall nominate and, by and with the advice and consent of two-thirds of all the members of the Senate, appoint a Secretary of the Commonwealth and a Superintendent of Public Instruction for four years, and such other officers of the Commonwealth as he is or may be authorized by the Constitution or by law to appoint; he shall have power to fill all vacancies that may happen, in offices to which he may appoint, during the recess of the Senate, by granting commissions which shall expire at the end of their next session; he shall have power to fill any vacancy that may happen during the recess of the Senate, in the office of Auditor General, State Treasurer, Secretary of Internal Affairs or Superintendent of Public Instruction, by years and nays, and shall be entered on the journal.

Amendment Two—To Article Four, Section Twenty-one.

Section 3. Amend section twenty-one of article four, which reads as follows:— "The term of the Secretary of Internal Affairs shall be four years; of the Auditor General three years; and of the State Treasurer two years. These officers shall be chosen by the qualified electors of the State at general elections. No person elected to the office of Auditor General or State Treasurer shall be capable of holding the same office for two consecutive terms," so as to read:— "The terms of the Secretary of Internal Affairs, the Auditor General, and the State Treasurer shall each be four years; and they shall be elected by the qualified electors of the State at general elections; but a State Treasurer, elected in the year one thousand nine hundred and nine, shall serve for three years, and his successors shall be elected at the general election in the year one thousand nine hundred and ten, and in every year thereafter. No person elected to the office of Auditor General or State Treasurer shall be capable of holding the same office for two consecutive terms.

Amendment Three—To Article Five, Section Eleven.

Section 4. Amend section eleven of article five, which reads as follows:— "Except as otherwise provided in this Constitution, justices of the peace or aldermen shall be elected in the several wards, districts, boroughs and townships at the time of the election of a majority of the qualified electors thereof, in such manner as shall be directed by law, and shall be commissioned by the Governor for a term of five years. No township, ward, district or borough shall elect more than two justices of the peace or aldermen without the consent of a majority of the qualified electors within such township, ward or borough; no person shall be elected to such office unless he shall have resided within the township, borough, ward or district for one year next preceding his election. In cities containing over fifty thousand inhabitants, not more than one alderman shall be elected in each ward or district," so as to read:— "Except as otherwise provided in this Constitution, justices of the peace or aldermen shall be elected in the several wards, districts, boroughs or townships, by the qualified electors thereof, at the municipal election, in such manner as shall be directed by law, and shall be commissioned by the Governor for a term of six years. No township, ward, district or borough shall elect more than two justices of the peace or aldermen without the consent of a majority of the qualified electors within such township, ward or borough; no person shall be elected to such office unless he shall have resided within the township, borough, ward or district for one year next preceding his election. In cities containing over fifty thousand inhabitants, not more than one alderman shall be elected in each ward or district.

Amendment Four—To Article Five, Section Twelve.

Section 5. Amend section twelve of article five of the Constitution, which reads as follows:— "In Philadelphia there shall be established, for each thirty thousand inhabitants, one court, not of record, of police and civil causes, with jurisdiction not exceeding one hundred dollars; such courts shall be held by magistrates whose term of office shall be six years, and they shall be elected on general ticket at the municipal election, by the qualified electors of the city, in such manner as shall be directed by law, and shall be commissioned by the Governor for a term of six years, and his successors shall be elected at the general election in the year one thousand nine hundred and ten, and in every year thereafter. No person elected to the office of Auditor General or State Treasurer shall be capable of holding the same office for two consecutive terms.

Amendment Five—To Article Eight, Section Two.

Section 6. Amend section two of article eight, which reads as follows:— "The general election shall be held annually on the Tuesday next following the first Monday of November, but the General Assembly may by law fix a different day, two-thirds of all the members of each House consenting thereto," so as to read:— "The general election shall be held biennially on the Tuesday next following the first Monday of November in each even-numbered year, but the General Assembly may by law fix a different day, two-thirds of all the members of each House consenting thereto; Provided, That such election shall always be held in an odd-numbered year.

Amendment Six—To Article Eight, Section Three.

Section 7. Amend section three of article eight, which reads as follows:— "All elections for city, ward, borough and township officers, for regular terms of service, shall be held on the third Tuesday of February, so as to read:— "All judges of the courts for the several judicial districts, and also all county officers, holding office at the date of the approval of these amendments, whose terms of office may end in the year one thousand nine hundred and eleven, shall continue to hold their offices until the first Monday of December, so as to read:— "All judges of the courts for the several judicial districts, and also all county officers, holding office at the date of the approval of these amendments, whose terms of office may end in the year one thousand nine hundred and eleven, shall continue to hold their offices until the first Monday of January, one thousand nine hundred and twelve.

Amendment Seven—To Article Eight, Section Fourteen.

Section 8. Amend section fourteen of article eight, which reads as follows:— "District election boards shall consist of a judge and two inspectors, who shall be chosen annually by the citizens. Each elector shall have the right to vote for the judge and one inspector, and each inspector shall appoint one clerk. The first election board for any new district shall be selected, and vacancies in election boards filled, as shall be provided by law. Election officers shall be privileged from arrest upon days of election, and while engaged in making up and transmitting returns, except upon warrant of a court of record, for or against them, for an election fraud, for felony, or for wanton breach of the peace. In cities they may claim exemption from jury duty during their terms of service," so as to read:— "District election boards shall consist of a judge and two inspectors, who shall be chosen biennially, by the citizens at the municipal election; but the General Assembly may require said boards to be appointed in such manner as it may by law provide. Laws regulating the appointment of said boards may be enacted to apply to cities only. That such laws be uniform for cities of the same class. Each elector shall have the right to vote for the judge and one inspector, and each inspector shall appoint one clerk. The first election board for any new district shall be selected, and vacancies in election boards filled, as shall be provided by law. Election officers shall be privileged from arrest upon days of election, and while engaged in making up and transmitting returns, except upon warrant of a court of record, for or against them, for an election fraud, for felony, or for wanton breach of the peace. In cities they may claim exemption from jury duty during their terms of service.

Amendment Eight—To Article Twelve, Section One.

Section 9. Amend section one of article twelve, which reads as follows:— "All officers, whose selection is not provided for in this Constitution, shall be elected or appointed as may be directed by law; so as to read:— "All officers, whose selection is not provided for in this Constitution, shall be elected or appointed as may be directed by law; Provided, That elections of State officers shall be held on a general election day, and elections of local officers shall be held on a municipal election day, except in the case of special elections, which may be required to fill unexpired terms.

Amendment Nine—To Article Fourteen, Section Two.

Section 10. Amend section two of article fourteen, which reads as follows:— "County officers shall be elected at the general elections and shall hold their offices for the term of three years, beginning on the first Monday of January next after their election, and until their successors shall be duly qualified; all vacancies not otherwise provided for, shall be filled in such manner as may be provided by law," so as to read:— "County officers shall be elected at the municipal elections and shall hold their offices for the term of four years, beginning on the first Monday of January next after their election, and until their successors shall be duly qualified; all vacancies not otherwise provided for, shall be filled in such manner as may be provided by law.

Amendment Ten—To Article Fourteen, Section Seven.

Section 11. Amend section seven, article fourteen, which reads as follows:— "Three county commissioners and three county auditors shall be elected in each county where such officers are chosen, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five and every third year thereafter; in the election of said officers each qualified elector shall vote for no more than two persons, and the three persons having the highest number of votes shall be elected; any casual vacancy in the office of county commissioner or county auditor shall be filled, by the court of common pleas of the county in which such vacancy shall occur, by the appointment of an elector of the proper county who shall have voted for the commissioner or auditor whose place is to be filled," so as to read:— "Three county commissioners and three county auditors shall be elected in each county where such officers are chosen,

and civil causes, with jurisdiction not exceeding one hundred dollars; such courts shall be held by magistrates whose term of office shall be six years, and they shall be elected on general ticket by the qualified voters at large; and in the election of the said magistrates no voter shall vote for more than two-thirds of the number of persons to be elected whose names are to be chosen; they shall be compensated only by fixed salaries, to be paid by said county; and shall exercise such jurisdiction, civil and criminal, except as herein provided, as is now exercised by aldermen, subject to such changes, not involving an increase of civil jurisdiction or conferring political duties, as may be made by law. In Philadelphia the office of alderman is abolished," so as to read as follows:— "In Philadelphia there shall be established, for each thirty thousand inhabitants, one court, not of record, of police and civil causes, with jurisdiction not exceeding one hundred dollars; such courts shall be held by magistrates whose term of office shall be six years, and they shall be elected on general ticket at the municipal election, by the qualified electors of the city, in such manner as shall be directed by law, and shall be commissioned by the Governor for a term of six years, and his successors shall be elected at the general election in the year one thousand nine hundred and ten, and in every year thereafter. No person elected to the office of Auditor General or State Treasurer shall be capable of holding the same office for two consecutive terms.

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Section 10. Amend section two of article fourteen, which reads as follows:— "County officers shall be elected at the general elections and shall hold their offices for the term of three years, beginning on the first Monday of January next after their election, and until their successors shall be duly qualified; all vacancies not otherwise provided for, shall be filled in such manner as may be provided by law," so as to read:— "County officers shall be elected at the municipal elections and shall hold their offices for the term of four years, beginning on the first Monday of January next after their election, and until their successors shall be duly qualified; all vacancies not otherwise provided for, shall be filled in such manner as may be provided by law.

Amendment Ten—To Article Fourteen, Section Seven.

Section 11. Amend section seven, article fourteen, which reads as follows:— "Three county commissioners and three county auditors shall be elected in each county where such officers are chosen, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five and every third year thereafter; in the election of said officers each qualified elector shall vote for no more than two persons, and the three persons having the highest number of votes shall be elected; any casual vacancy in the office of county commissioner or county auditor shall be filled, by the court of common pleas of the county in which such vacancy shall occur, by the appointment of an elector of the proper county who shall have voted for the commissioner or auditor whose place is to be filled," so as to read:— "Three county commissioners and three county auditors shall be elected in each county where such officers are chosen,

In the year one thousand nine hundred and eleven and every fourth year thereafter; and in the election of said officers each qualified elector shall vote for no more than two persons, and the three persons having the highest number of votes shall be elected; any casual vacancy in the office of county commissioner or county auditor shall be filled by the court of common pleas of the county in which such vacancy shall occur, by the appointment of an elector of the proper county who shall have voted for the commissioner or auditor whose place is to be filled.

Schedule for the Amendments.

Section 12. That no Inconveniences may arise from the changes in the Constitution of the Commonwealth, and in order to carry the same into complete operation, it is hereby declared that:— In the case of officers elected by the people, all terms of office fixed by act of Assembly, shall be lengthened one year, but the Legislature may change the length of the term, provided the terms for which such officers are elected shall always be for an even number of years.

The above extension of official terms shall not affect officers elected at that election, shall serve until the first Monday of December in the year one thousand nine hundred and eight; nor any city, ward, borough, township, or election division officers, whose terms of office, under existing law, end in the year one thousand nine hundred and ten.

In the year one thousand nine hundred and ten the municipal election shall be held on the third Tuesday of February, as heretofore; but all officers chosen at that election to an office the regular term of which is two years, and also all election officers and assessors chosen at that election, shall serve until the first Monday of December in the year one thousand nine hundred and eleven. All officers chosen at that election to offices the term of which is now four years, or is made four years by the operation of these amendments or this schedule, shall serve until the first Monday of December in the year one thousand nine hundred and thirteen. All justices of the peace, magistrates, and aldermen, chosen at that election, shall serve until the first Monday of December in the year one thousand nine hundred and ten, and until the Legislature shall otherwise provide, all terms of city, ward, borough, township, and election division officers shall begin on the first Monday of December in an odd-numbered year.

All city, ward, borough, and township officers holding office at the date of the approval of these amendments, whose terms of office may end in the year one thousand nine hundred and eleven, shall continue to hold their offices until the first Monday of December, so as to read:— "All judges of the courts for the several judicial districts, and also all county officers, holding office at the date of the approval of these amendments, whose terms of office may end in the year one thousand nine hundred and eleven, shall continue to hold their offices until the first Monday of January, one thousand nine hundred and twelve.

A true copy of the Joint Resolution.

ROBERT McAFFEE, Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Crossed Ocean to Be Swindled.

Old Spanish Treasure Trick Worked on Confining Maryland Farmer.

Journeying to Spain with a small fortune in his pocket, William A. Moffatt, a prosperous farmer of Hanover, Anne Arundel county Maryland, paid \$2800 in cash over to the men who have been running the Spanish hidden treasure swindle for many years. All told, he invested nearly \$5000 in the scheme. He is at his home now, bewailing his fate and seeking some plan whereby he may recover his money.

Moffatt, about seven weeks ago, received a letter, bearing the postmark of Madrid, Spain. The writer claimed to be a Russian nobleman, who had robbed the bank of which he was president and fled to Spain. The money was hidden away in a satchel. While in Spain the Russian was arrested for political reasons and thrown into prison at Madrid. Suspecting that he was in danger of being arrested, he had previously hidden the satchel. The letter proposed that Moffatt should come to Spain with as much money as he could raise to secure his release, and the recovery of the money, half of which was promised him for his goodness. Above all things, the letter implored secrecy.

Gathering all the ready cash he could lay hands on and borrowing from a few friends, who were taken into the secret, Moffatt journeyed to Boston and took the White Star steamer to Europe. This was six weeks ago.

What happened after he arrived in Madrid is not known, as Moffatt refused to tell. He gave the money over to the man designated in the letter and never saw him again. After waiting in vain for some days he realized that he had been swindled and sorrowfully returned to Maryland.

Druggists throughout the State are receiving communications from Leonard Pearson, secretary of the Pennsylvania Live Stock Sanitary board, notifying them that according to the act of April 27, 1907, they are required to report the names and addresses of all persons to whom they have sold tuberculin. This is the new drug used in testing cattle for tuberculosis. The State Department proposes to send its inspector to examine each animal to which the drug is administered, and if it is infected with the disease the cow will be killed.

The tremendous increase of property values in the uptown business district of New York city during the past generation, is indicated in the sale of a plot at the corner of Fifth avenue and Forty-fourth street. The plot, which fetched \$1,900,000 last week was bought in 1868 by Paron Stevens for \$125,000. In forty years its value has increased to more than fifteen times that price.



The Tenderfoot Farmer

It was one of those experimental farmers, who put green spectacles on his cow and fed her shavings. His theory was that it didn't matter what the cow ate so long as she was fed. The questions of digestion and nourishment had not entered into his calculations.

It's only a "tenderfoot" farmer that would try such an experiment with a cow. But many a farmer feeds himself regardless of digestion and nutrition. He might almost as well eat shavings for all the good he gets out of his food. The result is that the stomach grows "weak" the action of the organs of digestion and nutrition are impaired and the man suffers the miseries of dyspepsia and the agonies of nervousness.

To strengthen the stomach, restore the activity of the organs of digestion and nutrition and brace up the nerves, use Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It is an unfailing remedy, and has the confidence of physicians as well as the praise of thousands healed by its use.

In the strictest sense "Golden Medical Discovery" is a temperance medicine. It contains neither intoxicants nor narcotics, and is free from alcohol as from opium, cocaine and other dangerous drugs. All ingredients printed on its outside wrapper.

Don't let a dealer delude you for his own profit. There is no medicine for stomach, liver and blood "just as good" as "Golden Medical Discovery."

September Jurors.

The Jury Commissioners drew the following names from the wheel on Tuesday for the September term:

GRAND JURORS.

Wm. Hartman, Briarcreek. Aaron Harder, Catawissa. C. H. Campbell, Briarcreek. Henry Loux, Berwick. Jeremiah Kester, Main township. Wm. O. Giger, Centre township. C. D. Bowers, Catawissa. V. P. Eves, Millville. Geo. W. Locke, Conyngham twp. P. C. Case, West Berwick. Carson Diehl, Beaver township. Ellis Wertman, Centre township. Albert Bower, Briarcreek township. Wilson J. N. Main township. George Klinger, Sugarloaf township. N. J. Englehart, Scott township. Samuel Sider, Berwick. L. S. Jacoby, Berwick. J. R. Sands, Benton. Harry Stees, Bloomsburg. R. E. Morris, Bloomsburg. W. G. Creveling, Fishingcreek twp. John Bell, Montour township. Bruce Callender, Briarcreek township.

FIRST WEEK JURORS.

L. B. Stiles, Benton. Henry Parker, Greenwood. R. T. Smith, Benton. John Nungesser, Centre township. A. B. Hartman, Hemlock township. Milton Croop, Briarcreek. R. E. Hosler, Beaver. Chester Harman, Berwick. Perry Knouse, Jackson. George Vastine, Catawissa. Edward Strohm, Bloomsburg. John Wenner, Berwick. Samuel G. Kashner, Bloomsburg. W. H. Manning, West Berwick. Lee George, Centralia. George Holdren, Pine township. Silas Shuman, Centre township. J. W. Cherrington, Roaringcreek. P. A. Fetterhoff, Millville. John C. Reedy, Berwick. John Butler, West Berwick. C. F. Fowler, Berwick. Charles Kline, Berwick. John R. Murray, Centralia. J. N. Bennett, Pine township. S. N. Ohl, Hemlock. Lewis Boston, West Berwick. William Loag, Catawissa. C. F. Derr, Greenwood. Walter Honsler, Centralia. W. W. Stout, West Berwick. H. H. Henry, Orange township. John Gortey, Bloomsburg. W. R. Sobor, Bloomsburg. James Saltzer, Bloomsburg. Albert Baker, Berwick. Rev. M. M. Dry, Conyngham. Charles Shuman, Centralia. Harry Baker, Scott township. Melvin Bird, Cleveland township. James Cadow, Bloomsburg. Geo. T. Crist, Bloomsburg. Daniel Title, Pine township. Charles E. Sult, Berwick. Harry Gozier, Berwick. Samuel Remley, Jackson township. Isaac Ohl, Bloomsburg. Joseph D. Potter, Pine township.

SECOND WEEK JURORS.

Jacob Wertz, West Berwick. Seth Thomas, Centralia. Frank E. Girton, Bloomsburg. A. W. Witner, Roaringcreek. Charles Jones, Orange. A. E. Fetterman, Centralia. George B. Miller, Madison. Charles F. Martz, Briarcreek. Frank Stivets, Conyngham. Jacob Yeager, Catawissa township. Edward Rhoades, Cleveland. E. E. Bittenbender, Bloomsburg. Harry Brink, Bloomsburg. W. A. Rerntelhower, Centralia. Hiram Watson, Conyngham. M. F. Bowman, Orange township. B. D. Cole, Sugarloaf. Henry Dieffenbach, Bloomsburg. W. M. Eves, Millville. James G. Laughlin, Conyngham. F. P. Hagenbich, Scott township. John Gruber, Mt. Pleasant. Bruce Hartzell, Main township. Arthur W. Ammerman, Berwick. John Rice, Beaver. Bruce Keller, Benton township. Charles Homberger, Locust. W. B. Snyder, Locust. John Hartman, West Berwick. Daniel Ashlennan, Benton township. James A. Miller, Conyngham. Wm. Houck, Berwick. James Gillespie, Conyngham. Jacob Roup, Catawissa township. Stephen Hons, Centralia. Wm. Mericle, Hemlock.

Getting Into Practice.

It is often pleasanter to theorize than to perform. A young law student, says a writer in the Philadelphia Inquirer, was making a study of certain processes of his future profession. He showed an inclination to sit in the house and speculate idly, instead of doing some of the domestic tasks which stood waiting.

"Deduction is an interesting process," declared the youth to his father. "For example, there is a heap of ashes in the yard. That is evidence that the family has recently had fires."

"Well, John," interposed his father, "suppose you pursue your studies a little farther by going out and sitting that evidence."

Castoria Cry

FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

Bloomsburg & Sullivan Railroad.

Taking Effect Feb'y 1st, 1908, 12:05 a. m.

NORTHWARD.

Table with 4 columns: Station, A.M., P.M., P.M. A.M. Stations include Bloomsburg D.L. & W., Bloomsburg P. & R., Paper Mill, Light Street, Orangeville, Forks, Zaners, Stillwater, Benton, Edwons, Coles Creek, Lambach, Grass Mero Park, Central, Jamison City.

SOUTHWARD.

Table with 4 columns: Station, A.M., P.M., P.M. A.M. Stations include Jamison City, Central, Grass Mero Park, Lambach, Coles Creek, Edwons, Zaners, Forks, Benton, Light Street, Paper Mill, Bloom. P. & R., Bloom. D.L. & W.

Trolley Time Tables.

Cars leave Market Square, Bloomsburg for Berwick:

Table with 3 columns: A. M., P. M., P. M. Times range from 5:00 to 11:50.

First car leaves Market Square for Berwick on Sunday at 6:50 a. m.

* From Power House.

* Saturday Night Only.

Cars leave Berwick for Danville:

Table with 3 columns: A. M., P. M., P. M. Times range from 6:00 to 11:00.

First car leaves Berwick for Danville on Sunday at 5:00 a. m.

* Bloomsburg Only.

* Saturday Night to Bloomsburg Only.

Cars leave Market Square, Bloomsburg for Danville:

Table with 3 columns: A. M., P. M., P. M. Times range from 5:10 to 11:10.

First car leaves Market Square for Danville on Sunday at 7:10 a. m.

* Saturday Night Only.

Cars leave Danville for Berwick:

Table with 3 columns: A. M., P. M., P. M. Times range from 6:00 to 11:00.

First car leaves Danville for Berwick on Sunday at 8:00 a. m.

* Bloomsburg Only.

* Saturday Night to Bloomsburg Only.

Cars leave Market Square, Bloomsburg for Catawissa:

Table with 3 columns: A. M., P. M., P. M. Times range from 5:30 to 11:30.

First car leaves Market Square for Catawissa on Sunday at 7:30 a. m.

* Saturday Night Only.

* P. R. R. Connections.

Cars leave Catawissa for Bloomsburg:

Table with 3 columns: A. M., P. M., P. M. Times range from 5:50 to 11:50.

First car leaves Catawissa for Bloomsburg on Sunday at 7:30 a. m.

* Saturday Night Only.

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